

EU BUDGET FOR THE FUTURE







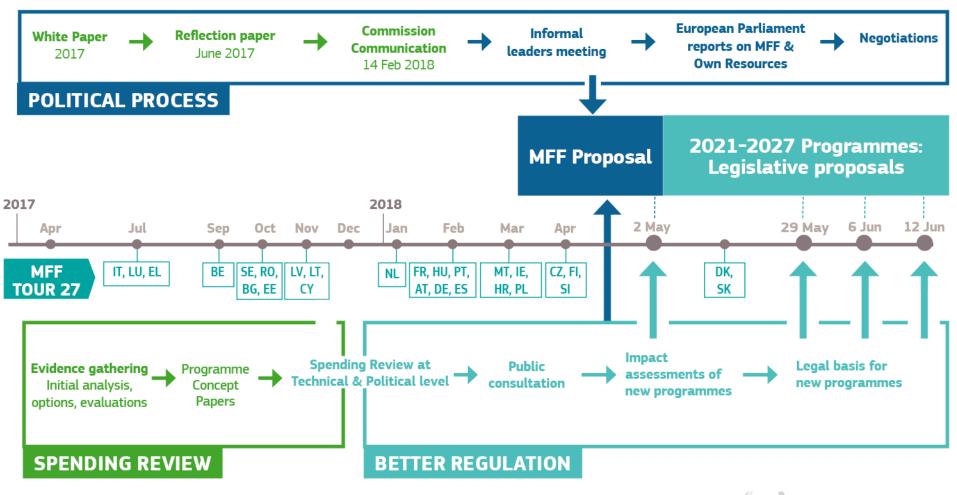
"The new budget is an opportunity to shape our future as a new, ambitious Union of 27 bound together by solidarity. With today's proposal we have put forward a pragmatic plan for how to do more with less."

Jean-Claude Juncker, President of the European Commission, 2 May 2018





A NEW, MODERN BUDGET FOR THE EU-27 Following an open and inclusive debate







Multiannual Financial Framework 2021-2027 'A modern budget for a Union that protects, empowers and defends'



More funding for priority areas



A new mechanism to protect the EU budget from financial risks linked to the rule of law



A strong focus on European added value and on performance



Less red tape for beneficiaries



A more flexible and agile budget with a clearer and leaner architecture

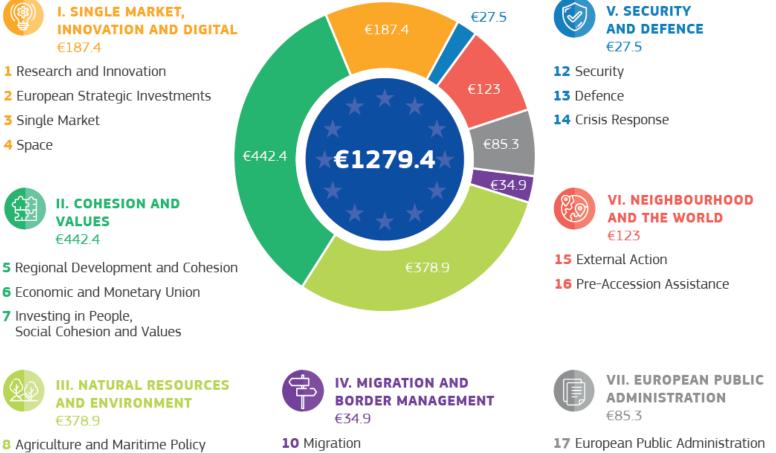


ALIGNED TO POLITICAL PRIORITIES

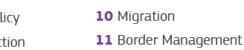


NEW STRUCTURE OF THE EU BUDGET

In billion euro, current prices



9 Environment and Climate Action





SIMPLIFICATION, TRANSPARENCY AND FLEXIBILITY

Fewer programmes grouped in policy clusters.





ALIGNED TO POLITICAL PRIORITIES (1)

I SINGLE MARKET, INNOVATION & DIGITAL

1 Research & Innovation

- Horizon Europe
- International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor (ITER)
- Euratom Research & Training Programme

2 European Strategic Investments

- InvestEU Fund
- Connecting Europe Facility
- Digital Europe Programme (incl. Cybersecurity)

3 Single Market

- Single Market Programme (incl. Competitiveness and Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises - COSME, Food Safety, Statistics, Competition and Administrative Cooperation)
- EU Anti-Fraud Programme
- Cooperation in the Field of Taxation (FISCALIS)
- Cooperation in the Field of Customs (CUSTOMS)

4 Space

• European Space Programme



II COHESION & VALUES

5 Regional Development & Cohesion

- European Regional Development Fund
- Cohesion Fund
- Support to the Turkish-Cypriot Community

6 Economic & Monetary Union

- Reform Support Programme including the Reform Delivery Tool and Convergence Facility
- Protection of the Euro Against Counterfeiting

7 Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

- European Social Fund + (incl. Integration of Migrants & Health)
- ERASMUS+
- European Solidarity Corps
- Justice, Rights & Values
- Creative Europe (incl. MEDIA)



European Investment Stabilization Function

Globalization Adjustment Fund





ALIGNED TO POLITICAL PRIORITIES (2)



III NATURAL RESOURCES & ENVIRONMENT

8 Agriculture & Maritime Policy

- European Agricultural Guarantee Fund
- European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development
- European Maritime & Fisheries Fund

9 Environment & Climate Action

• Programme for Environment & Climate Action (LIFE)

25% climate nainstreaming



IV MIGRATION & BORDER MANAGEMENT

10 Migration

- Asylum & Migration Fund
- **11 Border Management**
 - Integrated Border Management Fund

European Border and Coast Guard (Frontex)



VI NEIGHBOURHOOD & THE WORLD

15 External Action*

- Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument (incl. external aspects of migration)
- Humanitarian Aid
- Common Foreign & Security Policy
- Greenland, Overseas Countries & Territories

16 Pre-Accession Assistance

• Pre-Accession Assistance

*The European Peace Facility is an off - budget fund outside the Financial Framework





V SECURITY & DEFENCE

12 Security

- Internal Security Fund
- Nuclear Decommissioning (Lithuania)
- Nuclear Safety and Decommissioning (incl. for Bulgaria and Slovakia)

13 Defence

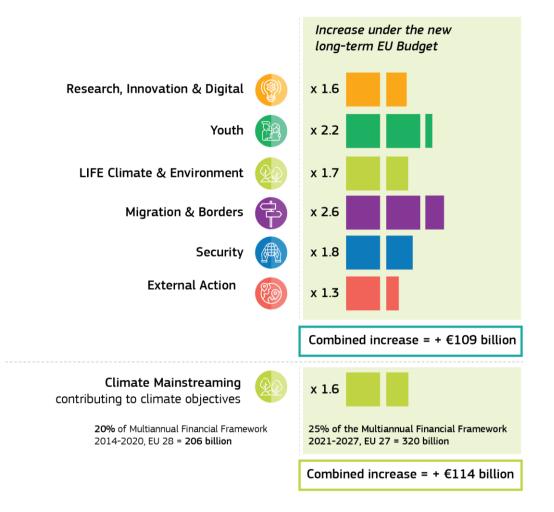
- European Defence Fund
- Connecting Europe Facility Military Mobility

14 Crisis Response

• Union Civil Protection Mechanism (rescEU)

European Peace Facility

Emergency Aid Reserve REINFORCEMENT OF PRIORITY AREAS



Note: Compared to Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020 at EU-27, including European Development Fund



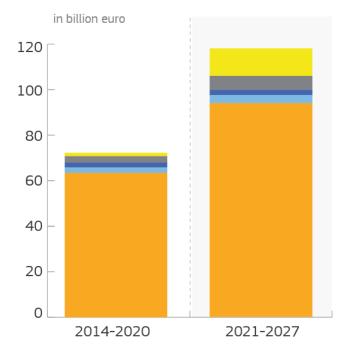
Source: European Commission

FOCUSED ON ADDED VALUE





Investing in the future



Digital Europe Programme & Connecting Europe Facility - Digital

International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor (ITER)

Euratom Research and Training Programme

Innovation Window InvestEU Fund

Horizon Europe

Source: European Commission

Note: Compared to the Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020 at EU-27 (estimate)

Source: European Commission

■ Building on the success of the EU's past flagship research and innovation programmes, the Commission proposes to increase investment in research and innovation by allocating €114.8 billion from the future long-term EU budget.





□ The Commission proposes to create a new Digital Europe programme with an overall budget of €9.2 billion to shape and support the digital transformation of Europe's society and economy.

Examples:

- Artificial intelligence
- Super-computing
- Investing in Europeans' digital skill
- Developing very high capacity digital networks
- Joining forces against cyberattacks
- □ The digital strand of the Connecting Europe Facility has a budget of €3 billion which will finance digital connectivity infrastructure.





- In the future long-term EU budget two new instruments are proposed:
 - a Reform Support Programme
 - a European Investment Stabilisation Function
- □ These new instruments will help:
 - support economic and social convergence
 - maintain macroeconomic stability in the euro area





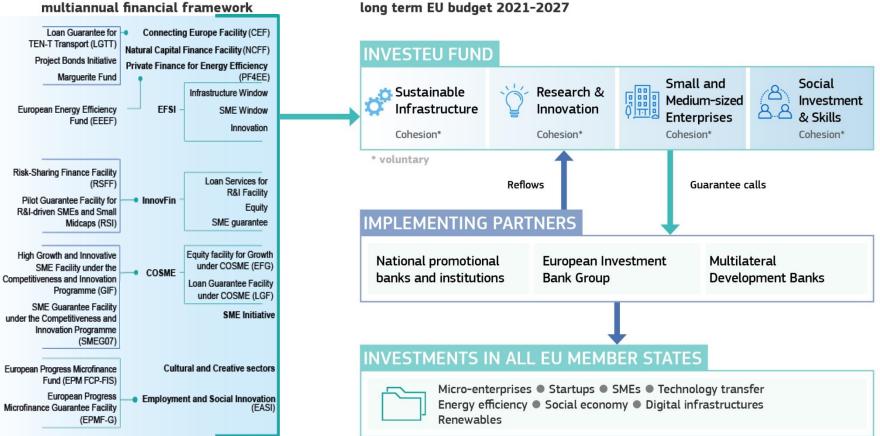
INVESTMENT

Financial instruments under current

Streamlining tools to promote investment: InvestEU Fund

Inside the EU

New architecture for the long term EU budget 2021-2027



Source: European Commission



- □ A strengthened link with the European Semester
- A simplified framework and less red tape for the beneficiaries of the funds
- A more tailored approach to regional development

EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND COHESION FUND

Budget of €273 billion

- Ð
- investing in research and innovation



support small businesses



help with the transition towards a low-carbon economy



support digital, energy and transport networks



fund better health, education and social infrastructure and sustainable urban development







- □ The proposals upgrade the European Social Fund into a European Social Fund+ with an overall budget of €100 billion, simplifying and increasing its effectiveness.
- More than doubling the size of a substantially strengthened, inclusive and extended Erasmus+ programme, further promoting learning mobility across the EU.
- A reinforced European Solidarity Corps will integrate the existing EU Aid Volunteers programme. This will offer European citizens a unique opportunity to engage in solidarity activities within and outside Europe.





- □ The modernised **Common Agricultural Policy** will:
 - Place a greater emphasis on the environment and climate;
 - Support the transition towards a more sustainable agricultural sector;
 - Support the development of vibrant rural areas.
- □ The modernised policy will have a budget of €365 billion and continue to be built around two pillars:
 - direct payments to farmers and
 - rural development funding.
- □ For rural development, the Commission proposes to increase national co-financing rates. In addition, an amount of €10 billion in Horizon Europe will support research and innovation in food, agriculture, rural development and the bioeconomy.





Climate Mainstreaming contributing to climate objectives



20% of Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020, EU 28 = **206 billion**



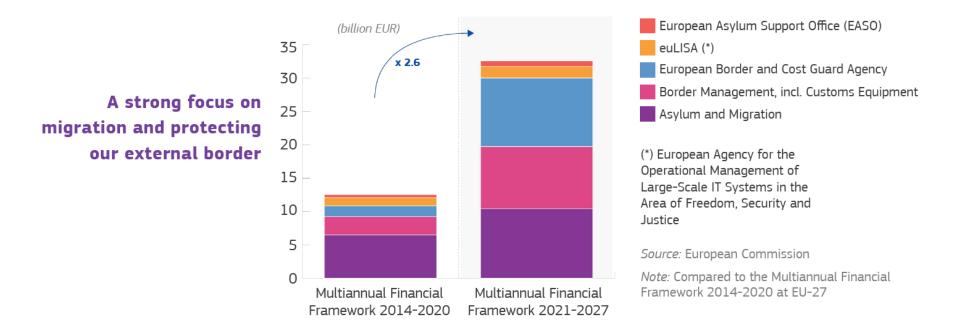
Common Agricultural Policy will place a greater emphasis on environment and climate. It will support the transition towards more sustainable ways of providing safe and high-quality food for the EU's consumers.

All farmers receiving area payments will have to comply with a range of requirements related to climate change, water, soil, biodiversity and landscapes.





□ The EU budget for the management of external borders, migration and asylum will be significantly reinforced, overall, reaching more than €35 billion, compared to €13 billion for the period 2014-2020.

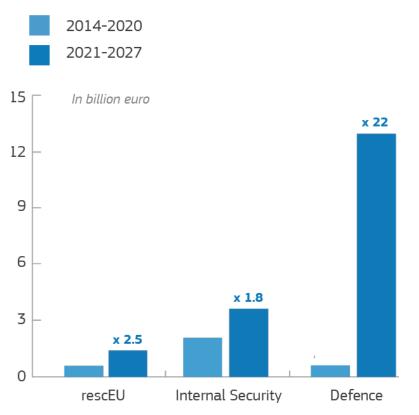






- The EU budget for security and defence will be significantly reinforced, overall €28 billion of which €5 billion specifically for security.
- A separate extra-budgetary funding mechanism, the European Peace Facility is proposed for action in the field of external security and defence.

A step change for security and defence



Source: European Commission

Note: Compared to Multiannual Financial Framework at eu-27 (estimate)





- □ The Commission proposes a budget of €13 billion (over the 7 years period) be dedicated to the European Defence Fund.
- This will place the EU among the top 4 of defence research and technology investors in Europe.
- Enhancing strategic transport infrastructures to make them fit for military mobility, with almost €7 billion through the Connecting Europe Facility.

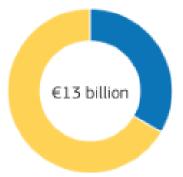
Budget dedicated to the European Defence Fund

€4.1 billion

funding of collaborative defence research to address emerging and future security threats

€8.9 billion 📒

co-finance collaborative capability development projects complementing national contributions

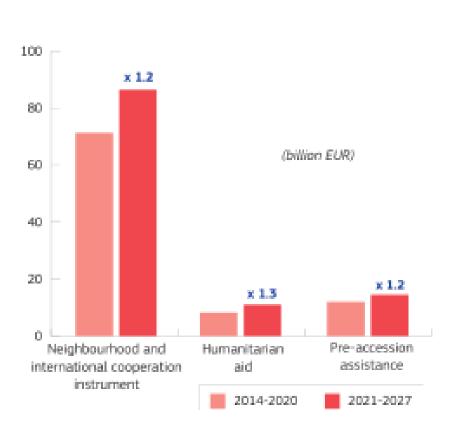




Source: European Commission



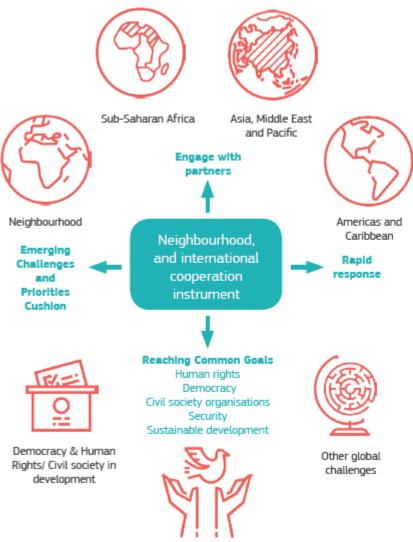
- □ The Commission proposes to increase investment in the external actions up to 26% to reach €123 billion in the future long-term EU budget.
- Major restructuring of the EU's external action instruments to provide better coherence, build on cooperation effectiveness, simplify processes and use economies of scale.





NEIGHBOURHOOD AND THE WORLD (2)

The neighbourhood and international cooperation instrument



geographic pillar

('engaging with partners')

- thematic pillar ('reaching common goals')
- rapid-response pillar for crisis management, conflict prevention and resilience building
- emerging challenges and priorities cushion to allow for flexibility in response to existing or emerging urgent priorities
- new investment architecture

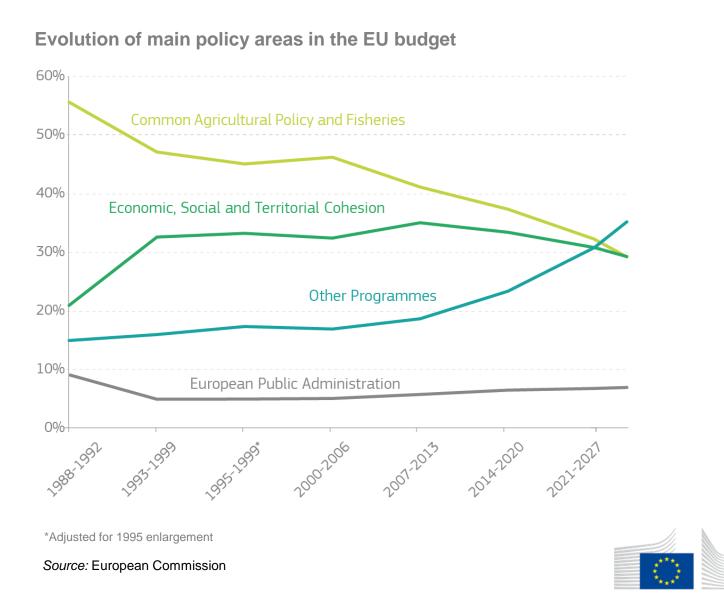


Source: European Commission

FAIR & BALANCED



MATCHING PRIORITIES WITH RESOURCES Rebalancing and fairness

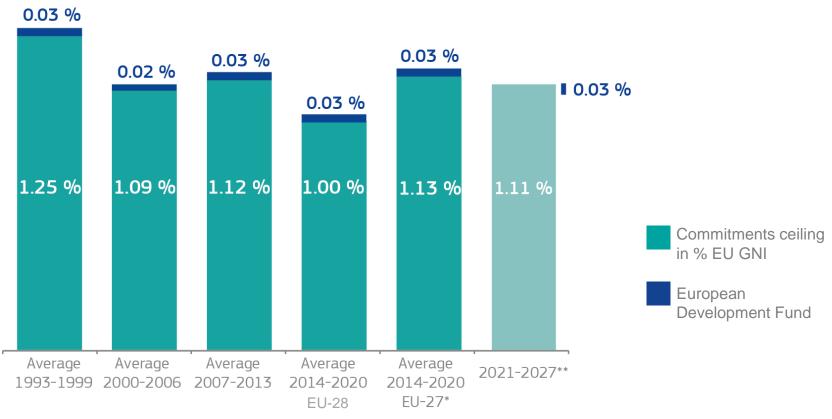


REALISTIC





The size of the EU budget as percentage of Gross National Income (GNI)



*2014-2020 estimated commitments (UK expenditure excluded) in % EU27 GNI



MORE FLEXIBLE



FLEXIBILITY

Providing an agile response to new needs and challenges

Programming

- Re-programming at mid-term
- Blending of funds & transfers between management modes



Response to crises &

unforeseen events

- Programme Reserves (unallocated envelopes) within each programme
- Agricultural Crisis Reserve
- Union Civil Protection Mechanism
- **Special Instruments:**



Emergency Aid Reserve



European Union Solidarity Fund



Off-budget: European Peace Facility



Extra flexibility between headings and years

- **Global Margin for Payments**
- **Contingency Margin**
- **Flexibility Instrument**
- From Global Margin for Commitments to **Union Reserve:**
 - ✓ Unused margins from previous years
 - \checkmark Decommitments: Funds that have been committed to the EU budget but which are ultimately not spent in implementation of EU the programmes



PRAGMATIC







coordination and complementarity of financing from cohesion policy funds and the new Reform Support Programme



roadmap for the short, mid- and long-term planning and monitoring of investments



technical and financial support for reforms at national level









New mechanism will allow:

to suspend, reduce or restrict access to EU funding

in a manner proportionate to the nature, gravity and scope of the rule of law deficiencies



It will apply to:

all EU funds implemented in shared management

to funds implemented in direct and indirect management where the financial beneficiary is a government entity



It would not affect:

the individual beneficiaries of EU funding

Member States would continue to be obliged to implement the affected programmes and pay final recipients

HOW WILL IT WORK?

The Commission sees that conditions for invoking the mechanism are fulfilled The Commission informs the Member State concerned Member State has a specified time period which shall not be less than one month to send explanations The decision to impose such protective measures will then be taken by the Commission The Council will need to adopt the decision through reversed qualified majority voting¹ The measures will stay in place until the deficiencies regarding the rule of law cease to exist

NEW SOURCES OF REVENUE





FINANCING THE EU BUDGET (1)

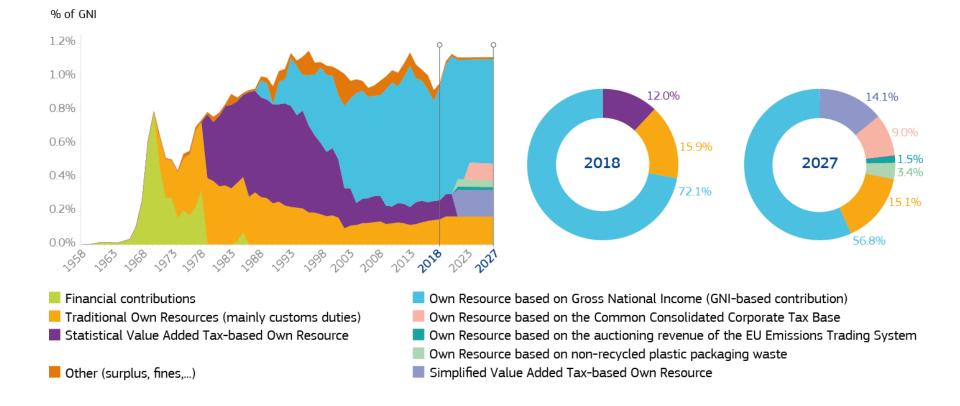
Simplication and diversification of revenue sources







Development of sources for financing of the EU budget.





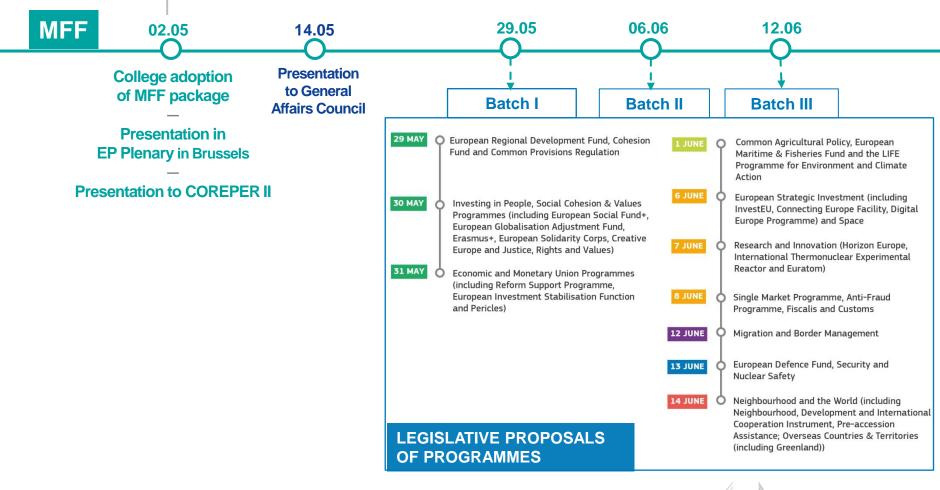
NEXT STEPS





FROM MAY TO JULY

Technical analysis in Council and Parliament of the MFF proposals + programmes







'This budget proposal is truly about EU added value. We invest even more in areas where one single Member State cannot act alone or where it is more efficient to act together - be it research, migration, border control or defence. And we continue to finance traditional but modernised - policies, such as Common Agricultural Policy and Cohesion Policy, because we all benefit from the high standard of our agricultural products and regions catching up economically.'

Günther H. Oettinger, Commissioner for Budget & Human Resources, 2 May 2018

